



GAYATRI JHANSI ROADWAYS LIMITED



"Infrastructure is the life line of an economy and we add our bit to it"

17TH ANNUAL REPORT 2022-23

CORPORATE INFORMATION**BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

Mr. J. Brij Mohan Reddy	Director	DIN: 00012927
Mr. Krishnamurthy Chaturvedi	Independent Director	DIN: 08661228
Mr. Bajrang Lal Gupta	Independent Director	DIN: 07175777

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Mr. Ramasankara Rao Raghumandala

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. P. Raj Kumar

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Mr. K. Naga Raju

AUDITORS

N. C. Mittal & Co
Chartered Accountants,
Behl House, 13, Daryaganj,
New Delhi – 110 002.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Krishnamurthy Chaturvedi	Chairman
Mr. Bajrang Lal Gupta	Member
Mr. J. Brij Mohan Reddy	Member

NOMINATION & REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Krishnamurthy Chaturvedi	Chairman
Mr. Bajrang Lal Gupta	Member
Mr. J. Brij Mohan Reddy	Member

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR) COMMITTEE

Mr. J. Brij Mohan Reddy	- Chairman
Ms. Krishnamurthy Chaturvedi	- Member
Mr. Bajrang Lal Gupta	- Member

BANKERS & FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

IDFC First Bank Ltd. (IDFC)

Canara Bank

Punjab National Bank

Punjab National Bank (e-United Bank of India)

Canara Bank (e-Syndicate Bank)

India Infrastructure Finance Company Limited (IIFCL)

REGISTRARS & SHARE TRANSFER AGENTS

M/s. Bigshare Services Private Limited

306, Right Wing, Amrutha Ville,

Opp. Yashoda Hospital, Somajiguda,

Rajbhavan Road, Hyderabad – 500 082,

Telangana, India.

REGISTERED & CORPORATE OFFICE

6-3-1090, TSR Towers,

Raj Bhavan Road, Somajiguda,

Hyderabad – 500 082, Telangana.

Tel: +91-40-40024262

Email: ghl@gayatrihighways.com

CIN: U50403TG2006PLC050569

CONCESSIONING AUTHORITY

NATIONAL HIGHWAYS AUTHORITY OF INDIA

G – 5 & 6, Sector – 10,

Dwarka, New Delhi – 110 075.

BOARD'S REPORT

To
The Members

Your Board of Directors have immense pleasure in presenting the 17th Annual Report of your Company and is prepared based on the Audited Standalone Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended 31st March, 2023.

1. STATE OF COMPANY AFFAIRS

(a) FINANCIAL SUMMARY:

The following table depicts the financial results of your Company for the year ending 31st March 2023:

S. No.	Particulars	For the year ended 31.03.2023 (Rs. in lac)	For the year ended 31.03.2022 (Rs. in lac)
1)	INCOME		
	Revenue from operations	1,697.78	1,206.04
	Other income	163.50	196.95
	Finance income	2,411.65	3,122.34
	TOTAL	4,272.94	4,525.33
2)	EXPENDITURE		
	Employee Benefits Expense	203.56	202.36
	Finance Costs	911.98	1,243.67
	Depreciation & Amortization expense	0.24	0.16
	Other Expenses	1,848.61	3,179.42
	TOTAL	2,964.40	4,625.61
3)	Profit/(Loss) before tax from continuing operations	1,308.54	(100.28)
	- Current Tax	216.65	19.15
	- MAT Credit Entitlement	(225.49)	-
4)	Profit/(Loss) for the year	1,317.38	(119.43)
	Other comprehensive income	(17.94)	0.85
	Total comprehensive income for the year	1,299.44	(118.59)
	Earnings per Share – Basic & Diluted	3.06	(0.28)

(b) O&M WORKS AT THE PROJECT SITE:

Your Company is regularly doing the Operations & Maintenance of the Project Highway as per the stipulations under the Concession Agreement.

(c) ANNUITY RECEIPTS FROM NHAI:

During the Financial Year 2022-23, your Company has received 26th Annuity and 27th Annuity from NHAI as per the following table:

S. No.	Particulars of Annuity	26 th Annuity Due on 27.09.2022	27 th Annuity Due on 27.03.2023
1	Gross Annuity Amount	29,95,00,000	29,95,00,000
2	Add: GST @18%	-	5,39,10,000
3	Less: TDS recovered	59,90,000	59,90,000
4	Less: GST TDS @ 2%	-	59,90,000
5	Net Annuity Receivable	29,35,10,000	34,14,30,000
6	Annuity Received on 27.09.2022	29,35,10,000	-
7	Annuity Received on 28.03.2023	-	28,75,20,000
8	Annuity Received on 19.04.2023	-	5,39,10,000

The Annuity amounts are being utilized to meet O&M Expenses, debt-servicing obligations, i.e. payment of Interest on Term Loans and repayment of Principal Installments, Major Maintenance Expenses, administrative expenses and other project related costs.

(d) TERM LOANS AND INTEREST THEREON:

During the financial year under review, your Company was regular in servicing interest on Term Loans, due to regular receipt of Annuity from NHAI.

The following table shows the Principal Term Loan outstanding, as on 31st March 2023:

Rs. in Crores					
S. No.	Name of the Lender	Sanctioned	Disbursed	Repaid	Outstanding
1	IDFC-Senior Debt	61.00	59.30	49.10	10.20
2	IDFC –Sub Debt	25.00	24.46	17.52	6.94
3	Canara Bank	50.00	46.00	40.25	5.75
4	Punjab National Bank	50.00	46.86	40.25	6.61
5	Punjab National Bank (e-United Bank of India)	50.00	46.38	40.25	6.13
6	IIFCL	75.00	70.71	60.37	10.34
7	Canara Bank (e-Syndicate Bank)	30.00	28.28	24.15	4.13
	Total	341.00	321.99	271.89	50.10

2. FUTURE OUTLOOK

➤ Receipt of Annuity:

In view of the Supplementary Concession Agreement and also in view of the receipt of Letter of Credit from NHAI, receipts of future Annuities are assured and thereby, your Company is confident of timely debt-servicing to the lenders.

➤ Repayment of Principal Loan installments as per the schedule:

As in the past, your Company will be remitting the principal installments of repayment of Term Loans in accordance with the terms and conditions of the reschedulement of Term Loans approved by the lenders.

➤ Escalation claims / Change of Scope claims/ Overlay Matter (Major Maintenance):

The Company and NHAI have executed the Settlement Agreement on 25th July 2022. The terms of the agreement is briefly mentioned below:

1. The amount of final settlement has been arrived at NIL by mutual agreement between the parties.
2. NHAI will not raise any claims or damages against the Concessionaire of whatsoever nature under any clause of Concession Agreement and otherwise
3. The Concessionaire will not raise any claims or damages against the Authority of whatsoever nature under clause of the Concession Agreement and otherwise until the date of this agreement
4. Second renewal work (MM) is due five years from first renewal i.e. in 2022 and third renewal is due five years thereafter i.e. in 2027

Upon execution of the above agreement, all the Arbitration matters are closed.

3. BOARD MEETINGS

During the year ended 31st March, 2023, Five Board Meetings were convened and held. The intervening gap between the two consecutive Meetings was within the period prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013.

The dates on which the Board meetings were held are 20th May, 2022, 08th August, 2022, 26th October, 2022, 06th February, 2023 and 27th February, 2023.

Attendance of Directors at the meetings:

The details of the attendance of the Directors at the Board meetings held during the year ended 31st March, 2023.

Name of the Director	Number of Board Meetings		
	Held	Entitled to attend the meeting	Attended
J. Brij Mohan Reddy	5	5	5
Narayanan Gopalakrishnan	5	4	4
Bajrang Lal Gupta	5	5	5
Krishnamurthy Chaturvedi	5	5	5

Audit Committee Meetings

During the year ended 31st March, 2023, Four Audit Committee Meetings were convened and held. The dates on which the Audit Committee meetings were held are 20th May, 2022, 08th August, 2022, 26th October, 2022 and 06th February, 2023.

Attendance of members at the meetings:

The details of the attendance of the Directors at the Audit Committee meetings held during the year ended 31st March, 2023.

Name of the Members	Number of Audit Committee Meetings	
	Held	Attended
J Brij Mohan Reddy	4	4
Ch. Krishnamurthy	4	4
Bajrang Lal Gupta	4	4

Nomination and Remuneration Committee Meetings

The company has not convened any Nomination and Remuneration Committee meeting for the financial year 2022-23.

Corporate Social Responsibility Committee Meetings

The company has not convened any Corporate Social Responsibility Committee Meeting during the year ended 31st March, 2023.

Separate meeting of Independent Directors

One separate meeting of independent directors was held during the year without the presence of non-independent directors and members of the management to assess the quality, quantity and timelines of flow of information between the Company Management and the Board. The meeting of independent directors was held on 06th February, 2023.

4. COMPLIANCE WITH SECRETARIAL STANDARDS ON BOARD AND ANNUAL GENERAL MEETINGS.

The Company has complied with Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India on Board meetings and Annual General Meetings.

5. DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

To the best of their knowledge and belief and according to the information and explanations obtained by them, your Directors make the following statements in terms of Section 134(3)(c) of the Companies Act, 2013:

- that in the preparation of the annual accounts for the year ended 31st March, 2023, the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures, if any;

- b. that such accounting policies were selected and applied them consistently and judgments and estimates have been made that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March, 2023 and of the profit of the Company for the year ended on that date;
- c. that proper and sufficient care has been taken for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- d. that the annual accounts have been prepared on a going concern basis;
- e. that proper internal financial controls were in place and that the financial controls were adequate and were operating effectively.
- f. that directors had devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and such system were in place and were adequate and operating effectively.

6. STATEMENT REGARDING OPINION OF THE BOARD WITH REGARD TO INTEGRITY, EXPERTISE AND EXPERIENCE (INCLUDING THE PROFICIENCY) OF THE INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS APPOINTED DURING THE YEAR.

The Board of Directors have evaluated the Independent Directors appointed during the year 2022-23 and opined that the integrity, expertise and experience (including proficiency) of the Independent Directors is satisfactory.

7. DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

The following are the changes in the Directors and Key Managerial Personnel during the period:

- a. Mr. Narayanan Gopalakrishnan has resigned from the directorship in the Company w.e.f 22nd February, 2023.

8. STATEMENT ON DECLARATION GIVEN BY INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS

All the Independent Directors have submitted their declaration of independence as required under section 149(7) of the Companies Act, 2013 stating that they meet the criteria of independence as provided in sub-section(6).

9. RE-APPOINTMENTS

Mr. J. Brij Mohan Reddy, Director of the Company is retiring by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment.

10. POLICY FOR SELECTION AND APPOINTMENT OF DIRECTORS AND THEIR REMUNERATION

The Nomination and Remuneration (N&R) Committee discusses and decides the appointment of the Board of Directors and their remuneration including the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes, independence of a director and other matters, as required under sub-section (3) of Section 178 of the Act.

The Committee headed by Mr. Krishnamurthy Chaturvedi as a Chairman and Mr. B.L. Gupta and Mr. J. Brij Mohan Reddy, members of the Committee.

The Committee meetings are held as and when required by the Company.

11. AUDITORS REPORT

There are no qualifications in the Auditors Report. No fraud has been reported by the Auditors

12. PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS

Details of Loans, Guarantees and Investments covered under the provisions of Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 are given in the notes to the Financial Statements.

13. PARTICULARS OF CONTRACTS OR ARRANGEMENTS WITH RELATED PARTIES

The particular of contracts or arrangements with the related parties referred to in Section 188 of the Act are given in the Form AOC-2, and is annexed as **Annexure-1**. However there were no Related Party Transactions made by the Company during the year that would have required Shareholders' approval under the provisions of the Act.

14. TRANSFER OF AMOUNT TO RESERVES

The Company does not propose to transfer any amount to any reserves for the financial year ended 31st March, 2023.

15. DIVIDEND

The Board of Directors does not recommend any dividend on the equity shares for the financial year ended 31st March, 2023.

16. MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS

There are no material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company which have occurred between the end of the financial year of the Company to which the financial statements relate and the date of the report.

There has been no change in the nature of business of the Company.

17. CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO

Information and details relating to conservation of energy and technology absorption do not apply to the Company and there are no foreign exchange earnings and outgo during the period.

18. STATEMENT INDICATING DEVELOPMENT AND IMPLEMENTATION OF A RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY

The source of income for your Company is Annuity from NHAI as per the Concession Agreement and income earned out of temporary deployment of funds. Annuity from NHAI accounts for almost 98% of the total income of

your Company. Since the Annuities are payable by NHAI in accordance with the Concession Agreement, your Company does not foresee any significant risk in receipt of these Annuities, in view of the fact that a revolving Letter of Credit has been obtained from NHAI, securing all future annuities. Your Company is ensuring that the conditions of the Concession Agreement are complied with, to ensure timely receipt of Annuities.

Your Company has also ensured that proper systems are planned, implemented and effectively monitored to ensure that all accounting and financial transactions are properly authorized and recorded, so as to ensure that the financial statements are free from material misstatements.

19. POLICY DEVELOPED AND IMPLEMENTED BY THE COMPANY ON CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY INITIATIVES TAKEN DURING THE YEAR

The Company has constituted Corporate Social Responsibility Committee to comply the provisions of the Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013.

The Corporate Social Responsibility committee was constituted as follows:

- | | |
|-----------------------------------|----------|
| i) Mr. J. Brij Mohan Reddy | Chairman |
| (ii) Mr. Krishnamurthy Chaturvedi | Member |
| (iii) Mr. Bajrang Lal Gupta | Member |

Since there are no profits in the Company during the immediately preceding financial year, the company was not required to spend the amount towards Corporate Social Responsibility.

The Corporate Social responsibility policy of the Company is annexed herewith as **Annexure-2**.

20. BOARD EVALUATION

Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, the Board has carried out an annual performance evaluation of its own performance, the directors individually, independent directors by the entire Board of Directors and working of its Audit Committee and Nomination and Remuneration Committee.

21. COMPLIANCE WITH SECRETARIAL STANDARDS ON BOARD AND GENERAL MEETINGS

The Company has complied with Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India on Board Meetings and General Meetings.

22. SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES, JOINTLY CONTROLLED ENTITIES AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES

During the Financial Year ending on 31st March 2023, your Company had no subsidiaries and associate companies. No company is ceased to be as Company's subsidiary, joint venture or associate company.

23. CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As the Company does not have any subsidiary or associate companies, the Consolidated Financial Statements are not applicable.

24. STATEMENT CONTAINING SALIENT FEATURES OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF SUBSIDIARIES/ ASSOCIATE COMPANIES/ JOINT VENTURES

As the Company does not have any subsidiary or associate companies, so the statement containing salient features of the financial statement of subsidiaries / associate companies / joint ventures is not applicable.

25. DEPOSITS

The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public in terms of Section 73 of the Act and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014.

26. SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS OR COURTS

There are no significant material orders passed by the Regulators / Courts which would impact the going concern status of the Company and its future operations during the period.

27. STATUTORY AUDITORS

M/s. N. C. Mittal & Co, Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. 000237N), were appointed as statutory auditors of the Company to hold office from the conclusion of the 13th AGM until the conclusion of the 18th AGM to be held in the year 2024.

28. PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES

There are no employees who come under the purview of Section 197 of the Act read with Rule 5 of The Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014.

29. VIGIL MECHANISM

The Company has a vigil mechanism to deal with instance of fraud and mismanagement, if any. The details of the Vigil Mechanism Policy are available for inspection by the Members at the Registered Office of the Company during business hours on working days of the Company.

30. DETAILS IN RESPECT OF ADEQUACY OF INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS WITH REFERENCE TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Your Company has ensured that appropriate policies and procedures are adopted for ensuring orderly and efficient conduct of the business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, prevention and detection of fraud and error, the accuracy and completeness of accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information.

31. SECRETARIAL AUDITOR

As per Regulation 24A of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ["SEBI Regulations"] every listed entity and its material unlisted subsidiaries incorporated in India shall undertake secretarial audit and shall annex with its annual report, a secretarial audit report, given by a

company secretary in practice, in Form No. MR - 3 as specified under Section 204 of the Act and the rules made thereunder with effect from the year ended 31st March, 2023.

Your Company being material unlisted subsidiary of the Listed Company i.e., Gayatri Highways Limited, has appointed Mr. C.N. Kranthi Kumar, Company Secretary in Practice, a Peer Reviewed Unit [No. 612 / 2019] as a Secretarial Auditor for the financial year 2022-23 to comply with the SEBI Regulations.

32. SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

The Secretarial Audit Report issued by the Secretarial Auditor, does not have any observations / qualification / reservation / adverse remarks / matters of non-compliances. The report is annexed as **Annexure-3**.

33. DETAILS OF FRAUDS

During the year, there were no instances of frauds reported by auditors under Section 143(12) of the Companies Act, 2013.

34. MAINTENANCE OF COST RECORDS

The Company is maintaining the Cost Records as specified by the Central Government under Section 148 of the Act.

35. HUMAN RESOURCES AND INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS

Your Company lays emphasis on competence and commitment of its human capital recognizing its pivotal role for organizational growth.

During the year, the Company maintained peaceful employee relations. Your Directors wish to place on record their appreciation for the commitment shown by the employees throughout the year.

36. DETAILS OF APPLICATION MADE OR ANY PROCEEDING PENDING UNDER THE INSOLVENCY AND BANKRUPTCY CODE, 2016

During the year under review there were no applications made or any proceeding pending under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code. 2016.

37. THE DETAILS OF DIFFERENCE BETWEEN AMOUNT OF THE VALUATION DONE AT THE TIME OF ONE TIME SETTLEMENT AND THE VALUATION DONE WHILE TAKING LOAN FROM THE BANKS OR FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS ALONG WITH THE REASONS THEREOF.

As Company has not done any one time Settlement during the year under review hence no disclosure is required.

38. INTERNAL COMPLAINTS COMMITTEE

The Company is not required to comply with the provisions of constitution of the Internal Complaints Committee under the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013.

39. ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS


Your Directors express their appreciation to the Company's Regulatory, Professional & Local Bodies, Bankers, Financial Institutions, Auditors, Customers, Consultants, Service Providers for their continuous co-operation and support, and the Members for their confidence in the management of the Company.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Place: Hyderabad

Date: 5th September 2023


Bajrang Lal Gupta
Director
DIN: 07175777


Krishnamurthy Chaturvedi
Director
DIN: 08661228



ANNEXURE-1

Form No. AOC-2

(Pursuant to *clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014*)

Form for disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in sub-section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arm's length transactions under third proviso thereto

1. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at arm's length basis

(a) Name(s) of the related party and nature of relationship	Nil
(b) Nature of contracts/arrangements/transactions	
(c) Duration of the contracts / arrangements/transactions	
(d) Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including the value, if any	
(e) Justification for entering into such contracts or arrangements or transactions	
(f) date(s) of approval by the Board	
(g) Amount paid as advances, if any:	
(h) Date on which the special resolution was passed in general meeting as required under first proviso to section 188	

2. Details of material contracts or arrangement or transactions at arm's length basis

(a) Name(s) of the related party and nature of relationship	During the year, no material contracts or arrangements have been entered into by the Company.
(b) Nature of contracts/arrangements/transactions	
(c) Duration of the contracts / arrangements/transactions	
(d) Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including the value, if any:	
(e) Date(s) of approval by the Board, if any:	
(f) Amount paid as advances, if any:	

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Place: Hyderabad

Date: 5th September 2023

 Bajrang Lal Gupta

Director

DIN: 07175777


 Krishnamurthy Chaturvedi

Director

DIN: 08661228



ANNEXURE-2

Report on Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Policy and Activities
as per Rule 8 of Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014

1. Brief outline on CSR Policy of the Company:

Purpose

The objective of this Policy is to promote inclusive growth and equitable development of identified areas by contributing back to the society.

Functions

The main functions of the CSR Committee shall be as under:

- Identify the areas for carrying out the activities and formulate proposal / plan to undertake same
- To identify the projects, programs for specific area of activity, finalize the budget and earmark the expenditure for each activity and recommend the same to the Board every year
- To determine the location where the CSR activities shall be undertaken
- To monitor the progress of the projects / activities from time to time
- To nominate employees who will be responsible for implementation, execution and monitoring of the CSR activities
- To hire services of external service providers, Non-Governmental Organizations, volunteers, professionals, consultants, specialized agencies etc., if required, to undertake the said activities
- Such other functions as may be delegated by the Board.
-

Areas / Activities

CSR activities will be undertaken in such geographical limits in which the contributing companies have ongoing interest in either construction, maintenance or toll operations, The respective CSR Committee may approve the locations and decide on priority for undertaking the selected activities from amongst the areas of operations of the respective company, The guiding factor will be the large presence of deprived sections the society in the proximity of our projects. The Company will select all or any of the following CSR activities for implementation in the area of its operations, namely:

- eradicating hunger, poverty and malnutrition, promoting preventive health care and sanitation and making available safe drinking water:

- promoting education, including special education and employment enhancing vocation skills especially among children, women, elderly, and the differently abled and livelihood enhancement projects;
- promoting gender equality, empowering women, setting up homes and hostels for women and orphans; setting up old age homes, day care centre's and such other facilities for senior citizens and measures for reducing inequalities faced by socially and economically backward groups;
- ensuring environmental sustainability, ecological balance, protection of flora and fauna, animal welfare, agro forestry, conservation of natural resources and maintaining quality of soil, air and water;
- protection of national heritage, art and culture including restoration of buildings and sites of historical importance and works of art; setting up public libraries; promotion and development of traditional arts and handicrafts;
- measures for the benefit of Central armed forces and Central Para military forces veterans, war widows and their dependents;
- training to promote rural sports, nationally recognized sports, Paralympics sports and Olympic sports;
- contribution to the Prime Minister's National Relief Fund or any other fund set up by the Central Government for socio-economic development and relief and welfare of the Scheduled Castes, the Scheduled Tribes, other backward classes, minorities and women;
- contributions or funds provided to technology incubators located within academic institutions which are approved by the Central Government;
- rural development projects;
- Slum area development.

2. Composition of CSR Committee:

S.No.	Name of Director	Designation / Nature of Directorship	Number of meetings of CSR Committee held during the year	Number of meetings of CSR Committee attended during the year
1.	Mr. J. Brij Mohan Reddy	Chairman	-	-
2.	Mr. Krishnamurthy Chaturvedi	Member	-	-
3.	Mr. B.L Gupta	Member	-	-

3. Web-link of the website of the company where Composition of CSR committee, CSR Policy and CSR projects approved by the board are disclosed: NA
4. Details of Impact assessment of CSR projects carried out in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 8 of the Companies (Corporate Social responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014, and (if applicable) the report shall be attached: NA

5. Details of the amount available and required for set off in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 7 of the Companies (Corporate Social responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014: NA

S.No.	Financial Year	Amount available for set-off from preceding financial years (in Rs)	Amount required to be setoff for the financial year, if any (in Rs)
1	-	-	-
	TOTAL		

6. Average net profit of the company as per section 135(5): Rs. NIL

7.

- a. Two percent of average net profit of the company as per section 135(5): NIL
b. Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programme or activities of the previous financial years: NIL
c. Amount required to be set off for the financial year(if any):NIL
d. Total CSR obligation for the financial year: NIL

8.

- a) CSR amount spent or unspent for the financial year:

Total Amount Spent for the Financial Year. (in Rs.)	Amount Unspent (in Rs.)				
	Total Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account as per section 135(6).		Amount transferred to any fund specified under Schedule VII as per second proviso to section 135(5).		
	Amount	Date of Transfer	Name of the fund	Amount	Date of Transfer
-	-	-	-	-	-

- b) Details of CSR amount spent against on-going projects for the financial year: NA

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)		(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	
S.No.	Name of the Project.	Item from the list of activities in Schedule VII to the Act.	Local area (Yes/No)	Location of the project.		Project duration	Amount allocated for the project (in Rs.).	Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account for the project as per Section 135(6) (in Rs.).	Mode of Implementation - Direct (Yes/No)	Mode of Implementation - Through Implementing Agency		
				State	District					Name	CSR Registration number.	
1.												
2.												
	TOTAL											

c) Details of CSR amount spent against other than on-going projects for the financial year: NA

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)		(6)	(7)	(8)	
Sl.No.	Name of the Project	Item from the list of activities in schedule VII to the Act.	Local area (Yes/ No).	Location of the project.		Amount spent for The project (in Rs.).	Mode of implementation - Direct (Yes/No).	Mode of implementation - Through implementing agency.	
				State	District			Name	CSR registration number
1.									
2.									
	TOTAL								

d) Amount spent in Administrative Overheads: NA

e) Amount spent on Impact Assessment, if applicable: NA

f) Total amount spent for the Financial Year: NIL

g) Excess amount for set off, if any: NIL

S. No.	Particular	Amount (in Rs.)
(i)	Two percent of average net profit of the company as per section 135(5)	Nil
(ii)	Total amount spent for the Financial Year	Nil
(iii)	Excess amount spent for the financial year [(ii)-(i)]	Nil
(iv)	Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years, if any	Nil
(v)	Amount available for set off in succeeding financial years [(iii)-(iv)]	Nil

9.

h) Details of Unspent CSR amount for the preceding three financial years: Nil

Sl.No.	Preceding Financial Year	Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account under section 135 (6) (in Rs.)	Amount spent in the reporting Financial Year (in Rs.)	Amount transferred to any fund specified under Schedule VII as per section 135(6), if any.			Amount remaining to be spent in succeeding financial years. (in Rs.)
				Name of the Fund	Amount (in Rs)	Date of transfer	
1.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	TOTAL						

i) Details of CSR amount spent in the financial year for on-going projects of the preceding financial year(s):

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Sl. No.	Project ID.	Name of the Project.	Financial Year in which the project was commenced.	Project duration.	Total amount allocated for the project (in Rs.).	Amount spent on the project in the reporting Financial Year (in Rs).	Cumulative Amount spent at the end of reporting Financial Year. (in Rs.)	Status of the project -Completed /Ongoing.
1.								
2.								
3.								
	Total							

10. In case of creation or acquisition of capital asset, furnish the details relating to the asset so created or acquired through CSR spent in the financial year: **(asset-wise details)**. NA

- j) Date of creation or acquisition of the capital asset(s):
- k) Amount of CSR spent for creation or acquisition of capital asset:
- l) Details of the entity or public authority or beneficiary under whose name such capital asset is registered, their address etc.:
- m) Provide details of the capital asset(s) created or acquired (including complete address and location of the capital asset):

11. Specify the reason(s), if the company has failed to spend two per cent of the average net profit as per section 135(5).: NA

N. C. Mittal & Co.

Chartered Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

UDIN Ref: 23503378BGWKXA4928

Re: The Members of Gayatri Jhansi Roadways Limited

Report on the audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Ind-AS financial statements of **Gayatri Jhansi Roadways Limited** ("the Company") having CIN : U45203TG2006PLC050569, which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2023, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows ended on that date, and notes to the Ind AS financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended on that date (hereinafter referred to as the "Ind AS financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the act read with the companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind-AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2023, the profit, and total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of Ind AS financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of Ind AS financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules prescribed there under, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Ind AS financial Statements.

Key Audit Matter

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Ind AS financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of Ind AS Financial statements as a whole and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We state that we have nothing to report in this context.

(Contd.)

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Phone: +91-11-23275021, 23241613 Fax: +91-11-23277044
Email: ncmittalandco@gmail.com, ncmittalandco73@gmail.com
Website: www.ncmittalco.in



Information Other than the Ind AS Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Management (including Board of Directors) are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's Annual Report, Board's report including Management Discussion and analysis & other annexure to Board's report, Business Responsibility Report, Corporate Governance and Shareholder's Information *as applicable*, but does not include the Ind-AS financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the Ind AS financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Ind AS financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Ind AS financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work, we have performed on other information obtained prior to the date of this audit report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's Responsibilities for the Ind AS Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these Ind-AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, including other comprehensive information, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and Other accounting principles generally accepted in India including the accounting standards specified u/s 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Ind-AS financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no "realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but it



(Contd.)

is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Ind AS financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Ind AS financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Ind AS financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Ind AS financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.



Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the 'Annexure A' a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account.
 - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act read with rule 7 of the of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014
 - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2023 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2023 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
 - f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.
 - g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us.
 - i. The company does not have any pending litigations if any, which would impact its financial position except those disclosed in Ind-AS financial statements;
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - iv. The company has not declared or paid any dividend during the year in contravention of the provisions of section 123 of the Companies Act, 2013.

(contd.)



- v. a) The management has represented that, to the best of it's knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts the Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds (either from borrowed funds or share-premium or any other sources or kind of funds) to / in any other person / entity (i.e. "intermediary") including foreign entity with any understanding (in writing/ otherwise) for lending / investing by the intermediary those funds / monies whether directly / indirectly in any other person / entity identified in any manner what so ever by / on behalf of the Company (i.e. "ultimate beneficiary"). The company (i.e. "ultimate beneficiary") has also not provided any such guarantee / security or like to / on its behalf to any other person / entity. Similarly no such position with respect to money / funds / guarantee / security existed as on 31.03.2022.
- b) The management had represented that during the Financial year 2022-23, to the best of it's knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, the company has not received any fund / money directly / indirectly from any other person / entity (i.e. "funding party") including foreign entity, with the understanding (in writing / otherwise) to invest / lent in any other person / entity identified in any manner what so ever by any such funding party (i.e. "ultimate beneficiary"). Similarly the Company has not provided any such guarantee / Security or like to any other person / entity on behalf of any such funding party (i.e. "Ultimate beneficiary").
- c) Further to sub-clause (a) & (b) above, during the audit, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the said representations contained any material mis-statement.
3. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended, in our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the limit prescribed by section 197 for maximum permissible managerial remuneration had not been exceeded.

Place: New Delhi
Date: 31-Aug-2023

For N. C. Mittal & Co.
Chartered Accountants
F.R.N. 000237N



(CA. Kapil Mittal)
B.Com (H), F.C.A., D.I.S.A. (ICAI), A.I.I.I.S.L.A
Partner
M.No. 503378
UDIN Ref: 23503378BGWKXA4928

Annexure 'A' to the Independent Auditor's Report of

GAYATRI JHANSI ROADWAYS LIMITED for the Year ended as on 31st March 2023

(As referred to in paragraph 1 under the heading "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" Section of our report on even date)

- i.
 - a. The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of property, plant & equipment. The Company however do-not have any intangible assets.
 - b. As per the information & explanation furnished to us, Property plant & equipment had been physically verified by the Management at-least once in every three years and usually once a year and no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - c. The company has no immovable property hence paragraph 3(i)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the company.
 - d. No revaluation of property, plant & equipment (including right of use assets / intangible assets) took place.
 - e. As per the information & explanation furnished to us, during F.Y. 2022-23 there had been no proceedings against the company under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 & no such proceedings were also pending as at the beginning of the said year.
- ii. As the company is engaged in the business of infrastructure development, operations and its maintenance and there is no inventory in hand at any point of time, hence paragraph 3(ii) of the Order is not applicable to the company.
- iii. During the year, the Company has not made and investment / given guarantee / provided security / granted any loans and advances (secured or unsecured) to companies, firms, limited liabilities partnership or other parties. Hence, reporting under clause (a) to (c) of Para 3(iii) are not applicable.
- iv. During the year, the Company has not entered into any transaction in respect of loans, investments, guarantee and securities, which attracts compliance to the provisions of the sections 185 of the Companies Act, 2013. Provisions of section 186 are not applicable in view of auditee company being engaged in providing infrastructural facility. Therefore, the paragraph 3(iv) of the Order is not applicable to the company for same.
- v. The Company has not accepted deposits during the year and does not have any unclaimed deposits as at 31st March 2023, therefore directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act and the rules framed there under are not applicable to the Company.
- vi. The Company is prima-facie maintaining the cost records as specified by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013.

(contd.)



- vii. a. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the books of accounts, the company has been generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employee state insurance, income tax, Goods & Service tax, cess and other statutory dues during the year with the appropriate authorities. As on 31st March 2023, there are no undisputed statutory dues payables for period exceeding for a period more than six month from the date they become payable.
- b. According to the information and explanation given to us, there are no dues of income tax, Goods & Service Tax, duty of customs, cess and any other statutory dues which have not been deposited on account of dispute.
- viii. As per the information & explanation furnished to us, there is no un-disclosed income *(from any transaction which was not recorded in the books of accounts previously)* that has been surrendered or disclosed during the year 2022-23 in the tax assessment under income tax act, 1961. Hence paragraph no 3(viii) of the order is not applicable.
- ix. The company has taken term loans from various banks and a financial institution. Based on the information & explanations before us, during the year, the company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or borrowing to a banks and financial institution. As explained to us, since there is no default, hence there is no such case of willful defaulter declaration by any bank etc. As certified & based on the information shown to us, money raised by way of term loans were applied for the purpose for which it was raised. There were also no short term funds borrowed during the year. As certified to us, there was no such case of borrowal of funds by the auditee to meet any obligation of its associates, subsidiaries or its joint ventures. It was also certified to us that no such loan were raised during the year by the auditee, on the pledge of securities held in subsidiaries, joint ventures & associates as there are no investments in such securities.
- x. The Company has not raised money by way of initial public offer or further public offer. The company had also not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares / convertible debentures during the year.
- xi. To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, neither any fraud by the Company nor any material fraud on the company by its officers or employees or others had been reported or had come to our notice during the audit for the year. No such fraud, as mentioned, accordingly no such report u/s 143(12) was required to be filed. There was no such case of Whistle blower complaint as informed to us.
- xii. The Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence clause3 (xii) of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order 2016 is not applicable.
- xiii. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 where applicable and the details of such transactions have been disclosed in the Ind AS financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.

(Contd.)



- xiv. Internal audit systems of the company (*based on the scope & report thereof as produced to us*) seemed to be reasonable, keeping in view the size & nature of business of the company.
- xv. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him and hence provisions of section 192 of the Companies act, 2013 are not applicable to the company.
- xvi. As certified to us the auditee is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Further as certified that it is not core- Investment Company and no group company is a Core-investment company.
- xvii. Based on the information produced to us and as certified to us, there was no such case of cash loss during F.Y. 2022-23 & the previous year.
- xviii. No such case of resignation of auditor from the company was there for the F.Y. 2022-23.
- xix. The financial ratios, ageing & expected date of realization of financial assets & payment of financial liabilities as disclosed as part of financial statement reflects that overall the position of the company is in the improved mode when compared with the last financial year as the Company had been able to repay its debt from institutional lenders with consequent savings in interest cost thereon as also improvement in profitability position such that there is net profit of Rs. 12.99 Crores as against a loss of Rs. 1.18 Crore (which was also due to major maintenance in last financial year, the benefit of which is likely to accrue in subsequent years including as in the current financial year.
- xx. Section 135(5) read with schedule VII to the Companies Act, 2013 is not applicable to the Company for the FY 2022-23
- xxi. The auditee is not a holding company, accordingly the para 3(xxi) of the order is not applicable to it.

Place: New Delhi
Date: 31-Aug-2023

For N. C. Mittal & Co.
Chartered Accountants
F.R.N. 000237N

(CA. Kapil Mittal)
B.Com (H), F.C.A., D.I.S.A. (ICAI), A.I.I.S.L.A
Partner
M.No. 503378
Udin Ref: 23503378BGWKXA4928

ANNEXURE - B TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Report on the Internal Financial Controls over financial reporting under Clause (i) of Sub- section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

(As referred to in Paragraph 2(f) under "Report on other legal and regulatory requirements" section of our Report to the members of Gayatri Jhansi Roadways Limited)

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Gayatri Jhansi Roadways Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2023 in conjunction with our audit of the Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

Management (including the Board of directors) of the company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the "ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's respective policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting of the company based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal financial controls over financial reporting (the "Guidance note") issued by the ICAI and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.



(Control)

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over financial reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of Ind AS financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of Ind AS financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the Ind AS financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over financial reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to explanations given to us, the company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2023, based on the internal financial controls over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the ICAI.

Place: New Delhi
Date: 31-Aug-2023



For N. C. Mittal & Co.
Chartered Accountants
F.R.N. 000237N

(CA. Kapil Mittal)
B.Com (H), F.C.A., D.I.S.A.(ICAI), A.I.I.I.S.L.A
Partner
M.No. 503378
Udin Ref: 23503378BGWKXA4928

Gayatri Jhansi Roadways Limited**Balance sheet as at 31 March 2023**

(All amounts in ₹ in lakh unless otherwise stated)

	Notes	As at	
		31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Assets			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	3	0.04	0.28
Financial assets			
- Other bank balances	10	1,086.85	3,196.98
- Others	4	12,033.58	14,273.45
Deferred Tax Asset (Net)	5	693.00	458.67
Other Non-Current Assets	6	2.25	205.80
		<u>13,815.72</u>	<u>14,938.20</u>
Current assets			
Financial Assets			
- Investments	7	414.43	-
- Trade receivables	8	539.10	-
- Cash and cash equivalents	9	728.38	3,025.25
- Others	11	2,352.98	2,000.76
Other Current Assets	12	17.82	17.82
		<u>4,052.72</u>	<u>8,240.81</u>
Total assets		<u>17,868.44</u>	<u>23,179.02</u>
Equity and liabilities			
Equity			
Equity share capital	13	4,240.00	4,240.00
Other equity	14	3,909.04	2,609.60
Total Equity		<u>8,149.04</u>	<u>6,849.60</u>
Non-current Liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
- Borrowings	15	5,012.21	10,088.19
Long-term provisions	16	3,333.23	2,240.04
		<u>8,345.44</u>	<u>12,328.23</u>
Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
- Borrowings	15	784.90	784.90
- Other Financial Liabilities			
- Current maturities of long-term borrowings	17	-	2,868.36
- Others	17	54.02	54.13
- Trade payables	18	7.87	279.49
Provisions	16	4.71	0.59
Other current liabilities	19	522.46	13.71
		<u>1,373.96</u>	<u>4,001.18</u>
Total equity and liabilities		<u>17,868.44</u>	<u>23,179.02</u>

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

This is the Balance Sheet referred to in our report of even date.

For N. C. Mittal & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 000237N

Kapi Mittal

Partner

Membership No. 503378

Place: New Delhi

Date:

For and on behalf of Board of directors of

Gayatri Jhansi Roadways Limited

Bajrang Lal Gupta

Director

DIN:07175777

Kola Nagaraju

Chief Financial Officer

Ramasankara Rao Raghumandala

Chief Executive Officer

Place: Hyderabad

Krishnamurthy Chaturvedi

Director

DIN:08661228

P. Raj Kumar

Company Secretary

Date: 09.05.2023



UDIN Ref:-23503378BGWKXA4928



Gayatri Jhansi Roadways Limited

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts in ₹ in lakh unless otherwise stated)

	Notes	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Revenue from operations	20	1,697.78	1,206.04
Other income	21	163.50	196.95
Finance income	22	2,411.65	3,122.34
Total income		4,272.94	4,525.33
Expenses			
Employee benefits expense	23	203.56	202.36
Finance costs	24	911.98	1,243.67
Depreciation expense	3	0.24	0.16
Other expenses	25	1,848.61	3,179.42
Total expense		2,964.40	4,625.61
Profit/(Loss) before tax from continuing operations		1,308.54	(100.28)
(a) Current tax		216.65	19.15
(b) MAT Credit Entitlement		(225.49)	-
Income tax expense		(8.84)	19.15
Profit/(Loss) for the year		1,317.38	(119.43)
Other comprehensive income			
Re-measurement (loss)/gain on defined benefit plans		(17.94)	0.85
Total comprehensive income for the year		1,299.44	(118.59)
Earnings per equity share (EPES) in Rupees			
Basic		3.06	(0.28)
Diluted		3.06	(0.28)

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

This is the Statement of Profit and Loss referred to in our report of even date.

For **N. C. Mittal & Co.**

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 000237N

Kapil Mittal

Partner

Membership No. 503378

Place: New Delhi

Date:

For and on behalf of Board of directors of

Gayatri Jhansi Roadways Limited

Bajrang Lal Gupta

Director

DIN:07175777

Kola Nagaraju

Chief Financial Officer

Ramasankara Rao Raghumandala

Chief Executive Officer

Krishnamurthy Chaturvedi

Director

DIN:08661228

P. Raj Kumar

Company Secretary

Place: Hyderabad

Date: 09.05.2023

UDIN Ref :- 23503378 BGWKKXAY478



Gayatri Jhansi Roadways Limited

Statement of Cash flows for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts in ₹ in lakh unless otherwise stated)

	31 March 2013	31 March 2022
Operating activities		
Net Profit / (Loss) before tax	1,299.44	(118.59)
Adjustments to reconcile Profit/(Loss) before tax to net cash flows:		
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	0.24	0.16
Other income	(154.14)	(191.92)
Finance Cost	911.98	1,243.67
Change in operating assets and liabilities		
Increase / (Decrease) in provisions and gratuity	1,097.30	(2,505.67)
(Increase)/Decrease in trade receivables	(539.10)	149.63
(Increase)/Decrease in loans, other assets and prepayments	1,880.56	1,684.49
Increase / (Decrease) in trade payables	(271.62)	253.44
Increase / (Decrease) in other financial liabilities	(13.93)	(35.48)
Increase / (Decrease) in other liabilities	508.75	2.07
Income tax paid, net of refund	(19.14)	859.57
Net cash generated from operating activities (A)	4,700.35	1,341.37
Investing activities		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	-	-
Investments in Fixed Deposits	2,110.13	2,309.40
Investment in Mutual Funds	(414.43)	
Interest on Fixed Deposits	110.16	248.14
Other income (mutual fund income)	39.43	28.99
Net cash generated/(used) from investing activities (B)	1,845.29	2,586.53
Financing activities		
Repayment of long-term borrowings	(7,944.34)	(2,666.36)
Interest paid	(898.17)	(1,271.74)
Net cash used in financing activities (C)	(8,842.51)	(3,938.10)
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	(2,296.87)	(10.21)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	3,025.25	3,035.46
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	728.38	3,025.25
Components of cash and cash equivalents		
Cash on hand	0.31	0.37
Balances with banks		
- in current accounts	728.07	3,024.88
Cash and cash equivalents at period end	728.38	3,025.25

This is the Cash Flow Statement referred to in our report of even date.

For **N. C. Mittal & Co.**

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 000237N

Kapil Mittal
Partner

Membership No. 503378

Place: New Delhi

Date:

For and on behalf of Board of directors of

Gayatri Jhansi Roadways Limited

Bajrang Lal Gupta
Director
DIN:07175777

Kola Nagaraju
Chief Financial Officer

Ramasankara Rao Raghumandala
Chief Executive Officer

Place: Hyderabad

Krishnamurthy Chaturvedi
Director
DIN:08661228

P. Raj Kumar
Company Secretary

Date: 09.05.2023

UDIN Ref: 23503378 B6WKXA4928

Gayatri Jhansi Roadways Limited
Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 March 2023
 (All amounts in ₹ in lakh unless otherwise stated)

(a) Equity share capital

	Number	Amount
Equity shares of Rs.10 each issued, subscribed and fully paid		
At 31 March 2022	4,24,00,000	4,240.00
At 31 March 2023	4,24,00,000	4,240.00

(b) Other equity

For the year ended 31 March 2023:

	Equity Component in Financial Instrument	Retained earnings	Total equity
As at 1 April 2022	6,125.17	(3,515.57)	2,609.60
Total Comprehensive income for the year	-	1,299.44	1,299.44
At 31 March 2023	6,125.17	(2,216.13)	3,909.04

For the year ended 31 March 2022:

	Equity Component in Financial Instrument	Retained earnings	Total equity
As at 1 April 2021	6,125.17	(3,396.99)	2,728.18
Total Comprehensive income for the year	-	(118.59)	(118.59)
At 31 March 2022	6,125.17	(3,515.58)	2,609.59

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

This is the Statement of Changes in Equity Capital referred to in our report of even date.

For N. C. Mittal & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 000237N



Kapil Mittal
Partner

Membership No. 503378

Place: New Delhi

Date:

For and on behalf of Board of directors of

Gayatri Jhansi Roadways Limited

Bajrang Lal Gupta
Director

DIN:07175777

Kola Nagaraju
Chief Financial Officer

Ramasankara Rao Raghumandala
Chief Executive Officer

Place: Hyderabad

Krishnamurthy Chaturvedi
Director

DIN:08661228

P. Raj Kumar
Company Secretary



Date: 09.05.2023

UDIN Ref: 23503378BGWKXAY928

1. Corporate information

M/s Gayatri Jhansi Roadways Limited ("the Company") is a public company domiciled in India and incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956. The Company is a Special Purpose Vehicle (SPV) incorporated on 7th July 2006 for execution of the project "Improvement, Operation and Maintenance, Rehabilitation and Strengthening of existing 2-lane Road and widening to 4-lane Divided Highway of NH-25/26 in the state of Uttar Pradesh on Build Operate Transfer (BOT)-Annuity Basis. The company has entered into a Concession Agreement with National Highways Authority of India, which specified a two and a half year of construction period and seventeen and a half years of Operation & Maintenance period. The project has achieved the Commercial Operations Date on 11th June 2010 for 35 Kms of the Project Highway, out of 49.70 Kms. The company has obtained Final Completion Certificate with effect from 11th November 2014.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies

a) Basis of preparation of financial statements

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values. The Ind AS are prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016. Unless otherwise stated, the accounting policies applied by the Group are consistent with those used in the previous year.

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the group's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in the Schedule III to the Act. Based on the nature of work and the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents, the group has ascertained its operating cycle as up to twelve months for the purpose of current and non-current classification of assets and liabilities

b) Use of estimates

The preparation of the standalone financial statements are in conformity with Indian GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the balances of assets and liabilities and disclosures relating to contingent liabilities as at the reporting date of the financial statements and amounts of income and expenses. Examples of such estimates include the provision for doubtful receivables, determination of recoverable amounts of fixed assets, deferred tax assets, employee benefits and useful lives of fixed assets.

Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results could differ from those estimates. Any revision to accounting estimates is recognised prospectively in the current and future periods.

c) Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.



a. Financial Asset

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through the Statement of Profit and Loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset.

Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, a 'debt instrument' is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:

a) The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and

b) Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

This category is the most relevant to the Company. After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in finance income in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. This category generally applies to trade and other receivables.

Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e. removed from the Company's balance sheet) when:

a) the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or

b) the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset, and (i) the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (ii) the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

c) The income pertains to the construction period will be used to derecognise/adjust against Financial Asset.

b. Financial Liability

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through the Statement of Profit and Loss, loans and borrowings, payables, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate. All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts, financial guarantee contracts and derivative financial instruments.



Subsequent measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

Financial liabilities at fair value through the Statement of Profit and Loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through the Statement of Profit and Loss include financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through the Statement of Profit and Loss. Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through the Statement of Profit and Loss are designated as such at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in Ind AS 109 are satisfied. For liabilities designated as FVTPL, fair value gains/ losses attributable to changes in own credit risk are recognized in OCI. These gains/ loss are not subsequently transferred to P&L.

However, the Company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity. All other changes in fair value of such liability are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The Company has not designated any financial liability as at fair value through the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Loans and borrowings

This is the category most relevant to the Company. After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the statement of the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of the Statement of Profit and Loss.

d) Fixed assets

Tangible assets are stated at cost of acquisition, less accumulated depreciation thereon. The cost of an item of fixed asset comprises its purchase price, including import duties and other non-refundable taxes or levies and any directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use; any trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price.

Intangible assets represent commercial rights to collect toll fee in relation to roads projects which has been accounted at the cost incurred on the project activity towards reconstruction, strengthening, widening, rehabilitation of the roads on build, operate and transfer basis. It includes all direct material, labour and subcontracting costs, inward freight, duties, taxes, obligation towards negative grant payable to concessionaires, if any, and any directly attributable expenditure on making the commercial right ready for its intended use.



e) Depreciation and amortization

Depreciation on assets has been provided on straight-line basis at the useful lives specified in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013. Depreciation on additions / deductions is calculated pro-rate from/to the month of additions / deductions.

f) Impairment

The carrying amounts of assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date if there is any indication of impairment based on internal/external factors. An impairment loss is recognized wherever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the greater of the asset's net selling price and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value at the weighted average cost of capital.

g) Revenue

Revenue Recognition:

The Company has adopted Ind AS 115 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" with the date of initial application being April 1, 2018. Ind AS 115, revenue from contracts with customers, mandatory for reporting period beginning on or after April 1, 2018 replaced existing revenue recognition requirements i.e Ind AS 18 Revenue Recognition and Ind AS 11 Construction Contracts. There were no significant adjustments required to the retained earnings as on April 1, 2018.

Accordingly, the policy for Revenue is amended as under:

The Company derives revenue primarily from annuity and other miscellaneous construction contracts. To recognize revenue, the Company applies the following five step approach: (1) identify the contract with a customer, (2) identify the performance obligations in the contract, (3) determine the transaction price, (4) allocate the transaction price to the performance obligation in the contract, and (5) recognize revenue when a performance obligation is satisfied.

At contract inception, the Company assesses its promise to transfer services to a customer to identify separate performance obligations.. The Company applies judgment to determine whether each service promised to a customer are capable of being distinct, and are distinct in the context of the contract, if not, the promised services are combined and accounted as a single performance obligation. For performance obligations where control is transferred over time, revenue are recognized by measuring progress towards completion of the performance obligation. The selection of the method to measure progress towards completion requires judgment and is based on the nature of the services to be provided. The method for recognizing revenues and cost depends on the nature of the services rendered.

Others

Insurance and other claims are recognized as revenue on virtual certainty of receipt basis.

Dividend income is recognized when the right to receive is established. Other items of income are accounted as and when the right to receive arises and recovery is certain.



h) Borrowings Costs

In Case of concession arrangement under financial asset model, borrowing Costs that are attributable to the acquisition and/or construction of the infrastructure are charged to The Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which such costs are incurred.

In Case of concession arrangement under intangible asset model, borrowing cost of qualifying assets are capitalized as part of cost of such assets till such time the asset is ready for its intended use. A qualifying asset is one that requires substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use. Any income on the temporary investments of borrowings is deducted from the borrowing cost. All borrowing cost subsequent to the capitalization of the intangible assets are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which such costs are incurred.

i) Earnings/(loss) per share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net the Statement of Profit and Loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net the Statement of Profit and Loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares, if any.

j) Employee Benefits

Provisions for/contributions to retirement benefit schemes are made as follow as per Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) – 19, “Employee Benefits:

- a) Provident fund on actual liability basis
- b) Gratuity based on actuarial valuation
- c) There is no policy for Leave encashment benefit.

k) Taxes on Income

Current Tax

Tax on income for the current year is determined on the basis of taxable income and tax credits computed in accordance with the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961.

Deferred Tax

Deferred Tax is recognized on timing differences between the accounting income and the taxable income for the year, and qualified using the tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted as on the Balance Sheet date.

At each reporting date, the entities in the group re-assess unrecognised deferred tax assets. It recognizes unrecognised deferred tax asset to the extent that it has become reasonably certain or virtually certain, as the case may be, that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date. The entities in the group writes-down the carrying amount of deferred tax asset to the extent that it is no longer reasonably



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certain or virtually certain, as the case may be, that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which deferred tax asset can be realised. Any such write-down is reversed to the extent that it becomes reasonably certain or virtually certain, as the case may be, that sufficient future taxable income will be available.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to set-off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

l) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the cash flow statement comprise of cash at bank and on hand and include short term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

m) Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provision is recognized when the Company has a present obligation as a result of a past event and when it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions are not discounted to their present value and are determined based on management's best estimate required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date. These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current management estimates. A disclosure of a contingent liability is made when there is a possible or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources.

n) Claims

- a. Company's claims against the Concessioneing Authority for additional scope of work, utility shifting etc. are accounted for as and when received.
- b. Contractor's claims regarding additional scope of work, utility shifting etc. are accounted for when related claims of the Company are received from the Concessioneing Authority.
- c. Other claims against/by the company are accounted for as and when accepted.

o) Pre-operative Expenditure

Incidental expenditure incurred during construction period towards "Concessioneire Asset" is capitalised on completion of construction and obtaining related COD.

p) Foreign currency transactions and derivatives

- a. The reporting currency of the company is the Indian Rupee.
- b. Foreign currency transactions are recorded on initial recognition in the foreign currency, using the exchange rate on the date of the transaction.
- c. At each Balance Sheet date, foreign currency monetary items are reported using the closing rate. Exchange differences that arise on settlement of monetary items or on reporting at each balance sheet date of monetary items at the closing rate are adjusted in pre-operative expenses.



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q) Leases:

The objective of the Ind AS 116 is to ensure that lessees and lessors provide relevant information in a manner that faithfully represents those transactions. Ind AS 116 introduces a single lessee accounting model and requires a lessee to recognise assets and liabilities for all leases with a term of more than 12 months, unless the underlying asset is of low value.

Under Ind AS 116 lessees have to recognise a lease liability reflecting future lease payments and a 'right-of-use asset' for almost all lease contracts. Under Ind AS 116, a contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. The company has not entered into any lease agreement for a period of more than 12 months and hence, Ind AS 116 is not applicable.

r) Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures

This Standard shall be applied in accounting for investments in associates and to set out the requirements for the application of the equity method when accounting for investments in associates and joint ventures. The Standard shall be applied by all entities that are investors with joint control of, or significant influence over, an investee. The Company has not made any investments in associates, hence, this Ind-AS 28 is not applicable.

s) Business Combinations

Ind AS 103 provides guidance on accounting for business combinations under the acquisition method. A business combination is a transaction or other event in which a reporting entity (the acquirer) obtains control of one or more businesses (the acquiree). The Company is not involved in any transaction of business combination under acquisition method and hence, Ind AS 103 is not applicable.

t) Joint Arrangements

The Standard shall be applied by all entities that are a party to a joint arrangement. A joint arrangement is an arrangement of which two or more parties have joint control. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require the unanimous consent of the parties sharing control. The company is a special purpose vehicle (SPV) has not entered into any arrangement with any entity having joint control or joint venture. Hence, Ind AS 111 is not applicable.

2A. Additional Regulatory Information

(Applicable vide MCA notification w.e.f. 1st April 2021 i.e. FY 2021-22):

- i. The Borrowings from Banks and Financial institutions have been used for the purpose for which it was taken. (Also refer Note No. 15)
- ii. The Company did not have any intangible assets / intangible asset under development as on 31.03.2022 and 31.03.2023.
- iii. During the Financial Year 2022-23, the Company did not hold any property either in the name of any other person or jointly with any other person. (Also Refer Note No. 3)
- iv. There is no revaluation of property, plant and equipment during the Financial Year 2022-23. (Also Refer Note No. 3)



Gayatri Jhansi Roadways Limited

Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 2023

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information

(All amounts in ₹ in lakh unless otherwise stated)

- v. With respect to the loans and advances given to, following disclosures are made:

Type of Borrower	Amount of Loan or advance in the nature of outstanding	Percentage to the total loans and advances in the nature of loans
Promoter	Nil	Nil
Directors	Nil	Nil
KMPs	Nil	Nil
Related Parties	Nil	Nil

(Please refer note no. 35)

- vi. As on 31.03.2022 and 31.03.2023, there was no capital work in progress.
- vii. Neither any proceedings under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 read with rules there-under have been initiated during the F.Y. 2022-23 against the Company nor any such proceedings are pending as on 31.03.2022 and 31.03.2023.
- viii. Neither any default has been made during the F.Y. 2022-23 in repayment of interest and instalment on borrowings from the banks, financial institutions and other lenders nor any such default existed as on 31.03.2022 and 31.03.2023. (Also Refer Note No. 15)
- ix. The Company did not have any transactions with any such company which was struck -off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or even under Section 560 of the Companies Act, 1956.
- x. There were no charges pending for registration / for satisfaction with ROC as on 31.03.2023.
- xi. There is no such non-compliance under section 2(87) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (restrictions on number of layers) Rules, 2017 in so far as investment in shareholding in other Companies is concerned.
- xii. The various accounting ratios as so required under regulatory disclosures are as per note number 36 [as per IND AS].
- xiii. Neither there was scheme of arrangement in terms of Section 232 to 237 of the Companies Act, 2013 which was approved during the financial year 2022-23 with respect to the company nor was any such scheme was pending for implementation as on 31.03.2022.
- xiv. During the Financial Year 2022-23, the Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds (*either from borrowed funds or share-premium or any other sources or kind of funds*) to / in any other person / entity (i.e. "Intermediaries") including foreign entity with any understanding (*in writing / otherwise*), for lending / investing by intermediaries those funds / monies whether directly / indirectly in any other person / entity identified in any manner whatsoever by / on behalf of the Company (*i.e. Ultimate Beneficiary*), OR to provide any such guarantee / security or like to / on Company's behalf (*i.e. "Ultimate Beneficiary"*) to any other person / entity. Similarly, no such position with respect to money / funds / guarantee / security etc. existed as on 31.03.2022.
- xv. During the Financial year 2022-23, the company has not received any fund / money directly / indirectly from any other person / entity (*i.e. "funding party"*) including foreign entity with the understanding (*in writing / otherwise*) to invest / lent in any other person / entity identified in any manner whatsoever by any such funding party (*"i.e. ultimate beneficiary"*). Similarly the Company has not provided any such guarantee / Security or like to any other person / entity on behalf of any such funding party (*"ultimate beneficiary"*).
- xvi. There is no un-disclosed income from any transaction which was not recorded in the books of accounts previously that has been surrendered or disclosed during the year 2022-23 in the tax assessment under income tax act, 1961.



Gayatri Jhansi Roadways Limited

Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 2023

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information

(All amounts in ₹in lakh unless otherwise stated)

- xvii. The company has not traded / invested in crypto currency / virtual currency during the year 2022-23. There was also no such investments as on 31.03.2023.
- xviii. a) There is no change in equity share capital during the F.Y. 2022-23 and 2021-22 due to prior period error or any other reason.
b) There is no change in equity share capital during the F.Y. 2022-23 and 2021-22 due to any other reason other than (a) mentioned above.
c) There was a change in the percentage of the Shareholding of the existing promoter (India Infra Fund) during the F.Y. 2022-23 as compared to the position as on 31.03.2022 which has transferred their 49% shareholding. (Also Refer Note No. 13 for details).
- xix. A) During F.Y. 2022-23 & 2021-22, there were no changes due to changes in accounting policy / prior period errors, restatement of balance at the beginning of reporting periods, Dividend, transfer to retained earning & any another reasons, in following components of Other Equity (as disclosed in note no.14):
1. Share application money (pending allotment)
 2. Capital Reserve
 3. Securities Premium
 4. Debt instruments through other comprehensive income
 5. Equity instruments through other comprehensive income
 6. Effective portion of cash flow hedges
 7. Revaluation surplus
 8. Exchange differences on translating the financial statements of foreign operations as there are no such operations
 9. Other items of other comprehensive income (except actuarial valuation of gratuity)
 10. Money Received against Share warrants.

B) The position of Other Equity (refer note 13) on respective dates is as follows:

		Rs. in lacs			
Equity component of compound financial instrument		Retained Earning		Other Comprehensive Income*	
As on 31.03.2022	As on 31.03.2023	As on 31.03.2022	As on 31.03.2023	As on 31.03.2022	As on 31.03.2023
6,125.17	6,125.17	(3,515.57)	(2,216.13)	0.85	(17.94)

*Change is due to actuarial valuation of gratuity

- xx. Undisputed Trade receivable as on 31.03.2023 is Rs. 539.10 lac (Nil as on 31.03.2022), the aging of which is less than 6 months. Disputed Trade Receivables as on 31.03.2023 and 31.03.2022 is Nil. Unbilled Due as on 31.03.2023 and 31.03.2022 is Nil. (also refer note no.8).
- xxi. Banks deposits (also refer note no. 10) with more than 12 months maturity is given below:

As on 31.03.2023	As on 31.03.2022
Rs. 1,083.85 lac	Rs. 3,196.98 lac

xxii. Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)

Particulars	During FY 2022-23	During FY 2021-22
Amount required to be spent by the company during the year	-	Rs. 4.76 lacs
Amount of expenditure incurred	-	Rs. 4.76 lacs
Shortfall at the end of the year	-	-



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Gayatri Jhansi Roadways Limited

Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 2023

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information

(All amounts in ₹in lakh unless otherwise stated)

Total of previous years shortfall	-	-
Reason for shortfall	-	-
Nature of CSR activities	-	Contribution to Prime Minister's National Relief Fund
Details of related party transactions, e.g., contribution to a trust controlled by the company	-	-



Gayatri Jhansi Roadways Limited

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information

(All amounts in ₹ in lakh unless otherwise stated)

3 Property plant and equipment

	Computers	Plant and Machinery	Office Equipments	Furniture and fixtures	Vehicle	Total
Gross block ::						
As at 1 April 2022	3.04	2.98	2.18	1.23	11.57	20.99
Additions during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-
As at 31 March 2023	3.04	2.98	2.18	1.23	11.57	20.99
Accumulated depreciation ::						
Up to 1 April 2022	3.04	2.97	1.90	1.23	11.57	20.71
Charge for the year	-	-	0.24	-	-	0.24
Revaluation during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-
Any other change (net of depreciation/impairment/reversal thereon)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Up to 31 March 2023	3.04	2.97	2.15	1.23	11.57	20.95
Net block ::						
As at 31 March 2023	-	0.01	0.03	-	-	0.04
As at 31 March 2022	-	0.01	0.27	-	-	0.28
Useful life of Asset	3 years	15 years	5 years	10 years	10 years	

Note:

1. A class of assets is a grouping of assets of similar nature and use in entity's operations.
2. None of the asset is held for disposal or retirement from active use as at end of the year as, the expected cash inflow/value to be realised from the usage for the remaining useful life of the asset.
3. Term loans from banks and others are secured by all the movables, including movable plant and machinery, machinery spares, tools and accessories, furniture, fixtures, vehicles and all other movable assets, present and future.
4. Rs. 0.01 lac reflects plant & machinery item already depreceiated over its useful life achieved but in working condition, hence not provided further, for controil purpose only.
5. Rs. 0.03 lac under office equipment relates to the item which has achieved its useful life but in working condition. Hence, it is retained at its 5% of the purchase value for control purposes.



(Signature)

(Signature)

Gayatri Jhansi Roadways Limited**Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information**

(All amounts in ₹in lakh unless otherwise stated)

4 Other Financial Assets (Non-Current)

	As at	
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Financial Asset (Carriageway)		
Opening Balance	16,223.55	17,885.17
Add: Financial Income	2,411.65	3,122.34
Add: O & M Income	1,697.78	1,206.04
Less: Annuity Received	(5,990.00)	(5,990.00)
Closing Balance	14,342.99	16,223.55
Less: Transferred to Financial Asset (Current)	(2,309.41)	(1,950.10)
Closing Non-Current Financial Asset	12,033.58	14,273.45

5 Deferred Tax Asset (Net)

	As at	
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
MAT Credit Entitlement	693.00	458.67
	693.00	458.67
Movement in Deferred Tax Asset		
Opening balance	458.67	477.76
Addition during the year	234.33	-
Adjustments	-	19.09
Closing balance	693.00	458.67

Disclosure pursuant to Ind AS 12 - "Income taxes"

The company is required to pay MAT as current income tax in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961.

The company is eligible for deduction under section 80IA of Income Tax Act, 1961 out of 20 years block commencing from the date of COD. Company has not created deferred tax assets (DTA) on brought forward losses and accumulated depreciation during the current year since all such DTA are getting reversed during such tax holiday period.



Gayatri Jhansi Roadways Limited

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information

(All amounts in ₹ in lakh unless otherwise stated)

6 Other Non-Current Assets

	As at	
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Other advances	2.25	2.85
Taxes Asset (Net)		
TDS and Advance Tax	-	202.95
	2.25	205.80

7 Investments

	As at	
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Investments in Mutual Funds (unquoted) *	414.43	-
	414.43	-

* invested from surplus funds to earn returns in the normal operating cycle.

8 Trade receivables

	As at	
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
(Unsecured, considered good)		
- Considered good		
- Others	539.10	-
	539.10	-

No trade or other receivables are due from directors or other officers of the company either severally or jointly with any other person. Nor any trade or other receivable are due from firms or private companies respectively in which any director is partner, a director or a member.

Trade Receivables Ageing Schedule (refer 2A-xx)

(i) Undisputed Trade Receivables considered good and unsecured:

-Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment:

(a) Less than 6 months	539.10	-
(b) 6 month to 1 year	-	-
(c) 1 year to 2 years	-	-
(d) 2 year to 3 years	-	-
(e) More than 3 years	-	-
Total	539.10	-
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables – considered good	-	-
(v) Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-
Total	539.10	-



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Gayatri Jhansi Roadways Limited

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information

(All amounts in ₹in lakh unless otherwise stated)

9 Cash and cash equivalents

	As at	
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Balances with banks		
- on current accounts	728.07	3,024.88
Cash on hand	0.31	0.37
	<u>728.38</u>	<u>3,025.25</u>

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise the following:

	As at	
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Balances with banks		
- on current accounts-at Regd Office	690.19	2,701.30
- on current accounts-at Site Office	37.88	323.58
Cash on hand-at Regd Office	0.31	0.35
Cash on hand-at Site Office	0.20	0.02

10 Other bank balances

	As at	
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Balances with banks		
Fixed deposits with original maturity more than 3 months having remaining maturity of less than 12 months from the Balance Sheet date (Lein marked to IDFC Bank for DSRA and MM Reserve) -[refer note 2A (xxi)]	1,086.85	3,196.98
	<u>1,086.85</u>	<u>3,196.98</u>

11 Other financial assets

	As at	
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Financial Asset - Carriageway	2,309.41	1,950.10
Interest accrued on Fixed Deposits	43.57	50.66
	<u>2,352.98</u>	<u>2,000.76</u>

12 Other Current Assets

	As at	
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Prepaid Expenses	17.82	17.82
	<u>17.82</u>	<u>17.82</u>



Gayatri Jhansi Roadways Limited
Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information

(All amounts in ₹ in lakh unless otherwise stated)

13 Share capital

	31 March 2023		31 March 2022	
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Authorized				
Equity shares of ₹10 each	4,50,00,000	4,500.00	4,50,00,000	4,500.00
	4,50,00,000	4,500.00	4,50,00,000	4,500.00
Issued, subscribed and fully paid-up				
Equity shares of ₹10 each	4,24,00,000	4,240.00	4,24,00,000	4,240.00
	4,24,00,000	4,240.00	4,24,00,000	4,240.00

(a) Reconciliation of equity shares outstanding at the beginning and end of the reporting period

	31 March 2023		31 March 2022	
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
At the beginning of the year	4,24,00,000	4,240.00	4,24,00,000	4,240.00
Issued during the year	-	-	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	4,24,00,000	4,240.00	4,24,00,000	4,240.00

(b) Terms/rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs.10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The rights and preferences of each shareholder are in accordance with the Shareholder's Agreement dated 14th May 2007.

The Company declares and pays dividends in Indian Rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of shareholders in the ensuing annual general meeting. During the year, no dividend was declared by the Company (Previous Year : Nil).

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

(c) Shares held by holding Company, ultimate holding Company, subsidiaries / associates of holding Company or ultimate holding Company

Out of the equity shares issued by the Company, shares held by its holding company, ultimate holding company and their subsidiaries/associates are as below:

	31 March 2023		31 March 2022	
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Gayatri Highways Limited and its nominees (Holding Company)*	2,16,20,000	2,162.00	2,16,20,000	2,162.00

* Incl. shares held by individual share holders as a nominee.

(d) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company

	% change during the year	31 March 2023		31 March 2022	
		Number of shares	% of holding	Number of shares	% of holding
Gayatri Highways Limited and its nominees (Holding Company & Promoter)	-	2,16,20,000	50.99%	2,16,20,000	50.99%
IDFC Limited (Beneficiary is India Infrastructure Fund) (Promoter)*	(10.00)	-	0.00%	42,40,000	10.00%
India Infrastructure Fund (Trustee: IDFC Trustee Co. Ltd)(Promoter)*	(39.01)	-	0.00%	1,65,40,000	39.01%
Shrewd Constructions Private Limited*	49.01	2,07,80,000	49.01%	-	0.00%

* During the year, entire shareholding of 49.01% (in aggregate) of India Infrastructure Fund transferred to Shrewd Constructions Private Limited on 22.02.2023.

Promoters having less than 5% shareholding during FY 2021-22 and FY 2022-23 - Nil



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Gayatri Jhansi Roadways Limited

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information

(All amounts in ₹ in lakh unless otherwise stated)

14 Other equity

	As at	
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Equity Component in Financial Instrument		
Opening balance	6,125.17	6,125.17
Adjustment during the year	-	-
Closing balance	6,125.17	6,125.17
Retained earnings		
Balance as per last audited financial statements	(3,515.57)	(3,396.98)
Add: Total Comprehensive Income for the year	1,299.44	(118.59)
Balance at the end of the year	(2,216.13)	(3,515.57)
Total other equity	3,909.04	2,609.60

(Refer to Note 2A-xix)

15 Borrowings

	As at	
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Non-current borrowings		
Term loans		
Secured		
From banks and financial institutions	5,012.21	12,956.55
Less: Current maturities of long-term borrowings	-	2,868.36
	5,012.21	10,088.19
Short-term borrowings		
Unsecured Loan from related party * (Also refer note-35)	784.90	784.90
	784.90	784.90

* Payable on demand at zero percent rate of interest.

Current maturities of long term loans

Term loans		
Secured		
From banks and financial institutions	-	2,868.36
	-	2,868.36
Aggregate Secured Loans	5,012.21	12,956.55
Aggregate Unsecured loans	784.90	784.90

I. Nature of security for secured loans:

Term loans from banks and others are secured by:

- First mortgage and charge of all the borrower's immovable properties, present and future.
- First charge by way of hypothecation of:
 - All the movables, including movable plant and machinery, machinery spares, tools and accessories, furniture, fixtures, vehicles and all other movable assets, present and future.
 - Operating cash flows, book debts and receivables and any other revenues of whatsoever nature and wherever arising, present and future.
 - All intangibles, including but not limited to goodwill, uncalled capital, present and future



15 Borrowings (continued..)

- d) Assignment on creation of security interest in (i) all rights, title, interest, benefits, claims and demands whatsoever of the borrower in the project documents, duly acknowledged, and consented to by the relevant counter-parties to such project documents; (ii) all the rights, title, interest and benefits, claims and demands whatsoever of the borrower in the clearances; (iii) all the rights, title, interest, benefits, claims and demands whatsoever of the borrower in any letter of credit, guarantees, performance bond provided by any party to
- e) Escrow Account, Debt Service Reserve, other reserves and any other bank accounts of the borrower wherever maintained.
- f) Pledge of all the shares(equity and preference) held by the sponsors representing 51% of the paid up share capital

II. Maintenance of DSR and MMR

As per the Article 6 of the Common Loan Agreement, the borrower shall at all times during the term of the agreement maintain Debt Service Reserve (DSR) to meet the Debt Service Requirements for an amount equivalent to the ensuing six months principal and interest payment due to the Loan A Lenders.

The borrower shall also maintain a Major Maintenance Reserve (MMR) to the extent stipulated by the Loan A Lenders in Schedule 4 for undertaking major maintenance in terms of the Concession Agreement.

III. Term loans-subordinated debt from IDFC First Bank Ltd is secured by-

- i) Second mortgage and charge of all the borrower's immovable properties, present and future
- ii) Second charge by way of hypothecation of
 - a) All the movables, including movable plant and machinery, machinery spares, tools and accessories, furniture, fixtures, vehicles and all other movable assets, present and future.
 - b) Operating cash flows, book debts and receivables and any other revenues of whatsoever nature and wherever arising, present and future.
 - c) All intangibles, including but not limited to goodwill, uncalled capital, present and future
- d) Assignment on creation of security interest in (i) all rights, title, interest, benefits, claims and demands whatsoever of the borrower in the project documents, duly acknowledged, and consented to by the relevant counter-parties to such project documents; (ii) all the rights, title, interest and benefits, claims and demands whatsoever of the borrower in the clearances; (iii) all the rights, title, interest, benefits, claims and demands whatsoever of the borrower in any letter of credit, guarantees, performance bond provided by any party to
- e) Escrow Account, Debt Service Reserve, other reserves and any other bank accounts of the borrower wherever maintained.
- f) Pledge of all the shares(equity and preference) held by the sponsors representing 51% of the paid up share capital

IV. Terms of repayment of secured loans

- a) The senior debt from banks and others, amounting to Rs. 3,160,000,000 is repayable in 29 unequal half yearly installments ranging from 1.60% to 6.88% commencing from 15th December 2011 to 15th December 2025.
- b) The Subordinate Debt availed from Infrastructure Development Finance Corporation Ltd (Now IDFC Bank Ltd) amounting to Rs. 250,000,000 is repayable in 30 unequal half yearly installments ranging from 1.40% to 6.88% commencing from 15th June 2012 till 15th December 2026.
- c) in case of surplus cash flows, the Company has right to accelerate the repayments pro-rata amongst senior and subordinate debt.
- d) Additional funds received, if any, from NHAI as damages towards cost escalation can be utilized towards acceleration of the loan repayment to the extent of escalation in interest on term loans.
- e) The term loan installment is paid in advance as per the clause 2.8(v) of the Common Loan Agreement which is inserted in the amendatory loan agreement dated 28.03.2012. The extract of the clause 2.8(v) is "The Borrower shall have the right to accelerate the repayments pro-rata amongst Senior and Sub - Lenders so as to bring it in line with the original repayment schedule in case of surplus cash flows."



Gayatri Jhansi Roadways Limited**Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information**

(All amounts in ₹ in lakh unless otherwise stated)

15 Borrowings (continued..)**V. Terms of repayment of unsecured loans from Promoters**

- a) The Company shall repay the principal amount of the Shareholder's loan in one lump sum installment after the expiry of the tenor of the loans read with (b) below.
- b. Subject to the Lenders' approval, the Company has a right to advance the repayment of the Shareholders' Loan in the event of the cash flows of the Company are adequately in surplus for such advancement as determined by the subscriber or on successful refinancing of the loans as determined by the subscriber.
- c. The Company has already repaid the unsecured loans availed from Promoters in earlier years.

VI. Installments Payable in next 12 months

As on 31.03.2023, there is nothing due as payable within 12 months, on account of advance installments paid in FY 2022-23 against Rs. 15.59 Cr and Rs. 19.57 Cr due on 15.12.2023 and 15.06.2024 (respectively).

VII. Term Loan Balances as per the books

Difference in outstanding balances against borrowings from various lenders as on 31.03.2023 aggregating to Rs. 16.86 lacs is mainly on account of loans from IIFCL amounting to Rs. 19.80 lacs towards excess interest calculated by them which is under reconciliation as on date.

16 Provisions

	As at	
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Non-current		
Provision for periodic maintenance	3,283.60	2,226.17
Provision for employee benefits		
-Gratuity, non-funded	49.63	13.87
	<u>3,333.23</u>	<u>2,240.04</u>
Current		
Provision for expenses	2.30	-
Provision for employee benefits		
-Gratuity, non-funded	2.41	0.59
	<u>4.71</u>	<u>0.59</u>

17 Other financial liabilities

	As at	
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Current maturities of long-term borrowings [See note 15(vi)]	-	2,868.36
Sub Total	<u>-</u>	<u>2,868.36</u>
Interest accrued	29.42	15.60
Creditors for expenses	10.73	24.50
Employee benefits payable	13.87	14.03
Sub Total	<u>54.02</u>	<u>54.13</u>
	<u>54.02</u>	<u>2,922.49</u>

18 Trade payables

	As at	
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
- Trade payables to related party	7.87	279.49
	<u>7.87</u>	<u>279.49</u>



Gayatri Jhansi Roadways Limited**Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information**

(All amounts in ₹ in lakh unless otherwise stated)

18 Trade payables (Continued...)**Trade payables Ageing Schedule as at end of the period****(i) Trade Payables to MSME**

-

(ii) Trade Payables other than MSME:**-Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment:**

(a) Less than 6 months	7.87	279.49
(b) 6 month to 1 year	-	-
(c) 1 year to 2 years	-	-
(d) 2 year to 3 years	-	-
(e) More than 3 years	-	-
Total	7.87	279.49

(iii) Disputed Dues – MSMEs / Others

-

The identification of micro, small and medium enterprise suppliers as per "Micro, small and medium enterprises Act, 2006" is based on Management's knowledge of their status as may have informed by them. There are no dues to micro, small and medium enterprises as on 31 March 2023 or 31 March 2022.

19 Other current liabilities

	As at	
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Statutory liabilities*	488.91	13.71
Income Tax (MAT) Payable	33.55	-
	522.46	13.71

*includes GST and TDS-IT outstanding not more than 6 months & un-disputed



Gayatri Jhansi Roadways Limited**Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information**

(All amounts in ₹ in lakh unless otherwise stated)

20 Revenue from operations

	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Operation & Maintenance Income	544.61	410.98
Major Maintenance Income	1,153.18	795.06
	<u>1,697.78</u>	<u>1,206.04</u>

21 Other income

	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Interest on Fixed Deposits	114.71	162.93
Dividend from mutual funds	39.43	28.99
Interest on Income Tax Refund	9.36	5.03
	<u>163.50</u>	<u>196.95</u>

22 Finance Income

	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Interest on financial asset receivable	2,411.65	3,122.34
	<u>2,411.65</u>	<u>3,122.34</u>

23 Employee benefits expense

	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Salaries and wages	183.93	199.79
Gratuity	19.63	2.57
	<u>203.56</u>	<u>202.36</u>

Provision for Gratuity is made on actuarial basis as summarized below. The Company does not have any policy for Compensated Absences.

Profit and Loss account for current period**Service Cost:**

Current Service Cost	1.76	1.79
Past service cost and loss/(gain) on curtailments and settlement	16.89	
Net interest cost	0.98	0.78
Total included in 'Employee Benefit Expense'	19.63	2.57

Expenses deducted from the fund

Total Charge to P&L	19.63	2.57
--------------------------------	--------------	-------------

Other Comprehensive Income for the current period**Components of actuarial gain/losses on obligations:**

Due to change in financial assumptions	(0.89)	(0.48)
Due to change in demographic assumption	-	
Due to experience adjustments	18.82	(0.36)
Amount recognized in Other Comprehensive Income	17.94	(0.85)



Gayatri Jhansi Roadways Limited

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information

(All amounts in ₹ in lakh unless otherwise stated)

23 Employee benefits expense (continued...)

Reconciliation of defined obligation

	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Defined Benefit Obligation		
Opening defined benefit obligation	14.47	12.74
Service Cost	1.76	1.79
Net interest expense	0.98	0.78
Components of actuarial gain/losses on obligations		
Due to change in financial assumptions	(0.89)	(0.48)
Due to change in demographic assumptions		
Due to experience adjustments	18.82	(0.36)
Past Service Cost	16.89	
Benefits paid		
Closing defined benefit obligation	52.04	14.47
Bifurcation of liability as per schedule III		
Current Liability	2.41	0.59
Non-current liability	49.63	13.87

Principal Actuarial Assumptions

	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Discounting Rate	7.30%	6.90%
Average Salary Growth Rate	4.00%	4.00%
Withdrawal Rate	3 % at all ages	3 % at all ages
Rate of Return on Plan Assets	Not Applicable	Not Applicable

Sensitivity to key assumptions

Discount Rate Sensitivity

Increase by 0.5%	50.98	14.12
(% change)	-2.14%	-2.40%
Decrease by 0.5%	53.15	14.84
(% change)	2.19%	2.55%

Salary Growth Rate Sensitivity

Increase by 0.5%	53.18	14.84
(% change)	2.61%	2.61%
Decrease by 0.5%	50.94	14.11
(% change)	-2.47%	-2.47%

Withdrawal Rate (W.R.) Sensitivity

W.R. X 110%	52.25	14.53
(% change)	0.41%	0.41%
W.R. X 90%	51.83	14.41
(% change)	0.42%	0.42%



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23 Employee benefits expense (continued..)

Major risk to the Post Employment Benefit plan

A. Actuarial Risk:

It is the risk that benefits will cost more than expected. This can arise due to one of the following reasons:

Adverse Salary Growth Experience: Salary hikes that are higher than the assumed salary escalation will result into an increase in Obligation at a rate that is higher than expected.

Variability in mortality rates: If actual mortality rates are higher than assumed mortality rate assumption than the Gratuity Benefits will be paid earlier than expected. Since there is no condition of vesting on the death benefit, the acceleration of cash flow will lead to an actuarial loss or gain depending on the relative values of the assumed salary growth and discount rate.

Variability in withdrawal rates: If actual withdrawal rates are higher than assumed withdrawal rate assumption than the Gratuity Benefits will be paid earlier than expected. The impact of this will depend on whether the benefits are vested as at the resignation date.

B. Investment Risk:

For funded plans that rely on insurers for managing the assets, the value of assets certified by the insurer may not be the fair value of instruments backing the liability. In such cases, the present value of the assets is independent of the future discount rate. This can result in wide fluctuations in the net liability or the funded status if there are significant changes in the discount rate during the inter-valuation period.

C. Liquidity Risk:

Employees with high salaries and long durations or those higher in hierarchy, accumulate significant level of benefits. If some of such employees resign/retire from the company there can be strain on the cashflows.

D. Market Risk:

Market risk is a collective term for risks that are related to the changes and fluctuations of the financial markets. One actuarial assumption that has a material effect is the discount rate. The discount rate reflects the time value of money. An increase in discount rate leads to decrease in Defined Benefit Obligation of the plan benefits & viceversa. This assumption depends on the yields on the corporate/government bonds and hence the valuation of liability is exposed to fluctuations in the yields as at the valuation date.

E. Legislative Risk:

Legislative risk is the risk of increase in the plan liabilities or reduction in the plan assets due to change in the legislation/regulation. The government may amend the Payment of Gratuity Act thus requiring the companies to pay higher benefits to the employees. This will directly affect the present value of the Defined Benefit Obligation and the same will have to be recognized immediately in the year when any such amendment is effective.



Gayatri Jhansi Roadways Limited**Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information**

(All amounts in ₹ in lakh unless otherwise stated)

24 Finance costs

	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Interest on borrowings [See note 15(vi)].	896.32	1,222.16
Other finance costs	15.66	21.51
	911.98	1,243.67

25 Other expenses

	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Operations and maintenance expenses	544.61	527.50
Provision for Periodic maintenance expenses	1,057.43	795.06
Periodic maintenance expenses	95.75	652.57
NHAI IC expenses	40.03	30.09
Rent expenses	14.53	14.53
Insurance expenses	28.79	28.26
Travelling and conveyance expenses	1.93	0.57
Legal and professional charges (refer note below)	32.72	40.32
Sitting Fees	2.12	1.30
Site office expenses	20.77	20.42
CSR Expenses	-	4.76
Receivable Written off	-	1,057.81
Roughness/Bump Indicator/Beam Deflection Test charges	8.45	-
Miscellaneous expenses	1.49	6.23
	1,848.61	3,179.42

Legal & Professional charges includes Payment to auditors

	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
As auditor:		
Audit fee	3.54	3.54
In other capacity:		
For other services	-	-
	3.54	3.54



Gayatri Jhansi Roadways Limited**Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information**

(All amounts in ₹ in lakh unless otherwise stated)

26 Earnings per share

Basic EPS amount are calculated by dividing the profit for the year attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

The following reflects the income and shares data used in the basic EPS computations:

	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Profit/(Loss) attributable to equity holders of the Company	1,299.44	(118.59)
Weighted average number of equity shares in calculating basic EPES	4,24,00,000	4,24,00,000
Nominal value per equity share	10	10
Effect of dilution:		
Weighted average number of equity shares used in computation of diluted EPES	4,24,00,000	4,24,00,000
Basic and Diluted Earnings per share in Rupees	3.06	(0.28)

27 Breakup of financial assets and financial liabilities carried at amortized cost

	As at	
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Financial assets		
Receivable under SCA	14,342.99	16,223.55
Trade receivables	539.10	-
Cash and cash equivalents	728.38	3,025.25
Other bank balances	1,086.85	3,196.98
Others	43.57	50.66
Total	16,740.90	22,496.44
Financial liabilities		
Long term Borrowings	5,012.21	12,956.55
Short term Borrowings	784.90	784.90
Other Financial Liabilities	54.02	54.13
Trade payables	7.87	279.49
Total	5,859.00	14,075.00

The carrying amount of current financial assets and current trade and other payables measured at amortised cost are considered to be the same as their fair values, due to their short term nature.

The carrying value of Rupee Term Loan and Loan from Related Party approximate fair value as the instruments are at prevailing market rate.

28 Significant accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the Company's financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities and the accompanying disclosures and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

Estimates and assumptions

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below. The Company based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Company. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.



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Gayatri Jhansi Roadways Limited**Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information**

(All amounts in ₹ in lakh unless otherwise stated)

29 Fair Values

The management assessed that cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, current loans, trade payables and other current liabilities approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments or as they carry market rate of interest.

30 Financial risk management objectives and policies

The company's activities expose it to variety of financial risks : market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The company's focus is to foresee the unpredictability of financial markets and seek to minimize potential adverse effects on its financial performance. The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. The Board of Directors has established a risk management policy to identify and analyze the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management systems are reviewed periodically to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities. The Board of Directors oversee compliance with the Company's risk management policies and procedures, and reviews the risk management framework.

a) Market Risk

The market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk. The company is not exposed to foreign currency risk as it has no borrowing or no material payables in foreign currency. The Company's activities expose it primarily to the financial risks of changes in interest rates.

i) Interest rate risk

The company is exposed to interest rate risk because it borrows funds primarily at floating interest rates. However, the interest rates are dependant on base rates/prime lending rates of the lead bank which are not expected to change very frequently and the estimate of the management is that these will not have significant upward trend.

The company's exposure to interest rate risk due to variable interest rate borrowings is as follows:

Particulars	As at	
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Senior Debt from Banks - Variable rate borrowings (Rupees in lac)	5,012.21	12,956.55

Sensitivity analysis based on average outstanding Senior Debt

Interest Rate Risk Analysis	Impact on profit/ loss after tax	
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Impact on Increase or decrease in interest rate by 25 basis points (Rupees in lac)	22.46	35.72

Note: Profit will increase in case of decrease in interest rate and vice versa

ii) Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk).

The company is exposed to price risk due to investments in mutual funds and classified as fair value through profit and loss.

The company measures risk through sensitivity analysis.

The company's risk management policy is to mitigate the risk by investments in diversified mutual funds.

The company does not expose to price risks as on 31st March 2023.



Gayatri Jhansi Roadways Limited**Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information**

(All amounts in ₹ in lakh unless otherwise stated)

30 Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued..)**b) Credit risk**

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the company. The Company has adopted a policy of only dealing creditworthy counterparties. The management believes that the credit risk is negligible since its main receivable is from the grantors of the concession which is Government Authority.

c) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial assets.

The company is exposed to liquidity risk due to bank borrowings and trade and other payables.

The company measures risk by forecasting cash flows.

The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation. The Company ensures that it has sufficient fund to meet expected operational expenses, servicing of financial obligations.

The following tables detail the company's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities with agreed repayment periods. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the company can be required to pay. The tables include both interest and principal cash flows. To the extent that interest flows are floating rate, the undiscounted amount is derived from interest rate curves at the end of the reporting period. The contractual maturity is based on the earliest date on which the company may be required to pay.

As at 31st March 2023	Carrying Amount	upto 1 year	1 - 2 years	2 - 5 years	> 5 years
Liability					
Long term Borrowings	5,012.21	5,012.21	-	-	-
Short term Borrowings	-	-	-	-	-
Other Financial Liabilities	54.02	54.02	-	-	-
Trade payables	7.87	7.87	-	-	-

As at 31st March 2022	Carrying Amount	upto 1 year	1 - 2 years	2 - 5 years	> 5 years
Liability					
Long term Borrowings	12,956.55	4,058.84	3,884.19	11,962.93	3,107.43
Short term Borrowings	784.90	784.90	-	-	-
Other Financial Liabilities	54.13	54.13	-	-	-
Trade payables	279.49	279.49	-	-	-

The following table details the company's expected maturity for its non-derivative financial assets. The table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted contractual maturities of the financial assets including interest that will be earned on those assets. The inclusion of information on non-derivative financial assets is necessary in order to understand the company's liquidity risk management as the liquidity is managed on a net asset and liability basis.

As at 31st March 2023	Carrying Amount	upto 1 year	1 - 2 years	2 - 5 years	> 5 years
Receivable under SCA	14,342.99	2,309.41	3,154.06	8,879.52	-
Trade receivables	539.10	539.10	-	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	728.38	728.38	-	-	-
Others	17.82	17.82	-	-	-



Gayatri Jhansi Roadways Limited**Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information**

(All amounts in ₹ in lakh unless otherwise stated)

c) Liquidity Risk (continued..)

As at 31st March 2022	Carrying Amount	upto 1 year	1 - 2 years	2 - 5 years	> 5 years
Receivable under SCA	16,223.55	4,763.41	4,741.80	16,072.42	-
Trade receivables	-	-	-	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	3,025.25	3,025.25	-	-	-
Others	50.66	50.66	-	-	-

d) Capital management

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximise the shareholder value. The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The Company monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital.

	As at	
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Debts	5,041.63	12,972.15
Less: Cash and Bank Balances	(1,815.23)	(6,222.23)
(A)	3,226.39	6,749.92
Equity & Other equity (B)	8,149.04	6,849.60
Net Debt / Total Capital (A/B)	0.40	0.99

Debts include Long term borrowing (including its current maturities) and interest accrued thereon.



31 Disclosure pursuant to Ind AS 115 - " Service Concession Arrangements"

Description and classification of the arrangement

28.1. Gayatri Jhansi Roadways Limited ("the Company") is a public company domiciled in India and incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956. The Company is a Special Purpose Vehicle (SPV) incorporated on 7th July 2006 for execution of the project "Improvement, Operation and Maintenance, Rehabilitation and Strengthening of existing 2-lane Road and widening to 4-lane Divided Highway of NH-25/26 in the state of Uttar Pradesh on Build Operate Transfer (BOT)-Annuity Basis. The company has entered into a Concession Agreement with National Highways Authority of India, which specified a two and a half year of construction period and seventeen and a half years of Operation & Maintenance period. The project has achieved the Commercial Operations Date on 11th June 2010 for 35 Kms of the Project Highway, out of 49.70 Kms.

28.2. Significant Terms of the arrangements

Receipt of Annuity:

Annuities shall be received semi-annually subject to the provisions Article 6.1 of the Concession Agreement dated Sept 29, 2006.

Concession Fee and Other Fees:

As per Article 7.2 of the Concession Agreement, the company is liable to pay Concession Fee Re 1 every year during the Concession Agreement.

Obligation of the Company

The company is under obligation to undertake, comply with and perform as per the Chapter-III "Obligations and Undertakings" of the Concession Agreement..

Operation & Maintenance

The company is under obligation to carry out the routine and periodic maintenance of Project Highway as per Appendix-5 of the Concession Agreement..

Details of any assets to be given or taken at the end of concession period

At the end of the Concession period the company shall deliver the actual or constructive possession of the Project Highway, free and clear of all encumbrances.

Details of Termination

Concession Agreement. can be terminated on account of default of the company or NHAI in the circumstances as specified under chapter-VII of the Concession Agreement..

32 Disclosure pursuant to Ind AS 23 "Borrowing Costs"

	As at	
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Finance Cost	911.98	1,243.67
Less : Capitalized during the year	-	-
Finance Cost charged to Statement of P/L	911.98	1,243.67



33 Disclosures as per Ind AS 37 - "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent assets "

(a) Nature of provision:

The company is required to operate and maintain the project highway during the entire concession period and hand over the project back to the Authority (NHAI) as per the maintenance standards prescribed in Concession agreement.

For this purpose, a regular maintenance along with periodic maintenances is required to be performed. Normally periodic maintenance includes resurface of pavements, repairs of structures and other equipments and maintenance of service roads.

33 Disclosures as per Ind AS 37 - "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent assets" cont....

As per industry practice, the periodic maintenance is expected to occur after 5-7 years. The maintenance cost / bituminous overlay may vary based on the actual usage during maintenance period. Accordingly on the grounds of matching cost concept and based on technical estimates, a provision for major maintenance expenses is reviewed and is provided for in the accounts annually.

(b) Movement in provisions:

	As at	
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Opening balance	2,226.17	4,733.57
Additional provision	1,153.18	795.06
Utilised	(95.75)	(3,302.46)
Unused amounts reversed	-	-
Unwinding of discount and changes in discount rate	-	-
Closing balance	3,283.60	2,226.17

(c) Contingent liabilities / Contingent Assets in connection with the Arbitration claims with NHAI

The Company and NHAI have executed the Settlement Agreement on 25th July 2022. The terms of the agreement is briefly mentioned below

1. The amount of final settlement has been arrived at NIL by mutual agreement between the parties.
2. NHAI will not raise any claims or damages against the Concessionaire of whatsoever nature under any clause of Concession Agreement and otherwise
3. The Concessionaire will not raise any claims or damages against the Authority of whatsoever nature under clause of the Concession Agreement and otherwise until the date of this agreement
4. Second renewal work (MM) is due five years from first renewal i.e. in 2022 and third renewal is due five years thereafter i.e. in 2027

Upon execution of the above agreement, all the Arbitration matters are closed.

34 Commitments

	As at	
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
a) Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on Capital Account not provided for	-	-
b) Uncalled liability on shares and other investments partly paid	-	-
c) Other commitments	-	-



Gayatri Jhansi Roadways Limited

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information

(All amounts in ₹ in lakh unless otherwise stated)

35 Related party disclosures

a) Name of related parties and nature of relationship

Names of the related parties	Nature of relationship
Gayatri Highways Limited	Holding Company
Gayatri Projects Limited	Enterprises in which Key Management personnel and/or their relatives have significant influence
India Infrastructure Fund	Entity having significant influence (more than 20% interest in the voting power till 21.02.2023)
Shrewd Constructions Private Limited	Entity having significant influence (more than 20% interest in the voting power from 22.02.2023)
Deep Corporation Private Limited	Gayatri Group Company
J. Brij Mohan Reddy	Director
Bajrang Lal Gupta	Director
Narayanan Gopalakrishnan (Resigned w.e.f. 22.02.2023)	Director
Krishnamurthy Chaturvedi	Director
Kola Nagaraju, Chief Financial Officer	Key Managerial Personnel ("KMP")
P. Raj Kumar, Company Secretary	Key Managerial Personnel ("KMP")
Ramasankara Rao Raghumandala, Chief Executive Officer	Key Managerial Personnel ("KMP")

b) Transactions with related parties

	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Gayatri Projects Ltd		
Operation & maintenance expenses	544.61	527.50
Major maintenance expenses	95.75	3,955.03
Deep Corporation Private Limited		
Rent paid	14.53	14.53
Remuneration to Chief Financial Officer	9.24	8.40
Remuneration to Company Secretary	4.32	-
Sitting Fees paid to:		
Bajrang Lal Gupta	1.18	0.65
Krishnamurthy Chaturvedi	1.18	0.65

c) Balances receivable/(payable)

	As at	
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Gayatri Highways Limited		
Subscription of Equity	(2,162.00)	(2,162.00)
Gayatri Projects Ltd		
O&M and Other Expenses payable	(8.98)	(289.35)
India Infrastructure Fund		
Subscription of Equity	-	(1,654.00)
Shrewd Construction Pvt. Ltd.		
Subscription of Equity	(1,654.00)	-
Gayatri Lalitpur Roadways Limited		
Short-term borrowings	(784.90)	(784.90)
Key Managerial Personnel ("KMP")		
Chief Financial Officer	(0.72)	(0.65)
Chief Executive Officer	-	-
Company Secretary	(0.35)	-



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Gayatri Jhansi Roadways Limited
Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information
(All amounts in ₹ in lakh unless otherwise stated)

36 Financial Ratios

S.No.	Ratio	Numerator	Denominator	31st March 2023	31st March 2022	% Change	Reason for Variance
1	Current ratio	Current Assets	Current Liabilities	2.95	2.06	43%	Mainly due to advance repayment of loan installments.
2	Debt-Equity ratio	Total Debt	Shareholder's Equity	0.71	2.01	-65%	Debt reduced due to advance repayment of loan installments.
3	Debt service Coverage ratio	Earnings for debt service = Net profit after taxes + Depreciation and amortisation + Interest + Loss on sale of Fixed Asset	Debt service = Interest payments + Principal Repayments	0.25	0.29	-12%	No major change in increase in net earnings in current FY which is upset by advance repayment of loans.
4	Return on Equity ratio	Net profits after taxes - preference dividend	Average Shareholder's Equity	0.17	-0.02	1001%	Loss in last FY and profit during the current FY, due to: 1. Major Maintenance Exp and Settlement with NHAI, which is not there in current FY 2. Reduction in Interest Cost due to advance repayment of loan installments.
5	Inventory turnover* ratio	Cost of goods sold	Average Inventory	NA	NA	-	-
6	Trade receivables turnover* ratio	Net Credit Sales	Average Trade Receivable	15.85	60.49	-74%	No sales income pending for realization as on 31.03.2023 except newly implemented GST thereon. Actually, there is improvement in the recovery rate of receivables over the previous years.
7	Trade payables turnover* ratio	Net Credit Purchases	Average Trade Payables	12.87	13.05	-1%	The trade payables decreased due to major payments before the end of the year.
8	Net Capital turnover* ratio	Net sales	Working capital = current assets - current liabilities	1.60	1.07	49%	Due to reduction in the net working capital employed from last year to current year
9	Net Profit ratio	Net Profit after tax	Net sales	0.30	-0.03	1261%	Same as mentioned in point no. 4
10	Return on Capital employed	Earnings before interest and taxes	Capital Employed = Tangible Net Worth + Total Debt + Deferred Tax Liability	0.16	0.00	3369%	Same as mentioned in point no. 4
	Return on Investment	Interest (Finance Income)	Investment	4.08	3.93	4%	No major change in current year

*turnover is taken to be total income



Gayatri Jhansi Roadways Limited

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information

(All amounts in ₹ in lakh unless otherwise stated)

37 Segment reporting

Based on the Company's business model and considering the internal financial reporting to the management, the Company has identified only one reportable segment i.e. "construction, operations and maintenance of roads, highways and toll roads"

38 Comparatives

Previous year comparatives have been reclassified and regrouped wherever necessary, to confirm to current years' presentation.

39 Events after the reporting period

There are no significant events after the reporting period that substantially affect the financial position of the company.

For N. C. Mittal & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 000237N



Kapil Mittal
Partner

Membership No. 503378

Place: New Delhi

Date:

For and on behalf of Board of directors of

Gayatri Jhansi Roadways Limited

Bajrang Lal Gupta
Director

DIN:07175777

Kola Nagaraju
Chief Financial Officer

Ramasankara Rao Raghumandala
Chief Executive Officer

Krishnamurthy Chaturvedi
Director

DIN:08661228

P. Raj Kumar
Company Secretary



Place: Hyderabad

Date: 09.05.2023

UDIN Ref:-23503378 BG W KXA 4928